## 2.7 Exercises

- **2.1** A process has a nominal  $K_p$  of  $10\mu AV^{-2}$  and a thin-oxide thickness  $(t_{\rm ox})$  of 1000  $A^{\circ}$ . A batch of circuits have a  $t_{\rm ox}$  of 800  $A^{\circ}$ . What would the nominal  $K_p$  be? What effect would this have on the drain current of n- and also p-transistors?
- **2.2** A transistor has a drawn W of  $20\mu$  and a drawn L of  $5\mu$ . During processing, the polysilicon is overetched by  $1\mu$  on all sides. The source and drain diffusions bloat by  $.5\mu$ . If  $K_p = 15\mu AV^{-2}$ , what is the  $\beta$  of the final transistor?
- **2.3** Calculate the  $g_{m(sat)}$  of a transistor with  $\beta = 40 \ \mu AV^{-2}$ ,  $\lambda = .03 \ V^{-1}$ ,  $V_t = 1.0 \ V$ , and  $V_{gs} = 5 \ V$ , taking into account channel length modulation.
- 2.4 Calculate the input switching voltage for a 2-input NOR gate constructed of identical sized n- and p-transistors with one input held high and both inputs held high. How do the noise margins vary? What ramifications does this have for multiple input gates?